UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

DANIEL AZCONA,

Plaintiff,

-against-

NJDOC STAFF MALE FEMALE, et al.,

Defendants.

23-CV-8369 (LTS)

TRANSFER ORDER

LAURA TAYLOR SWAIN, Chief United States District Judge:

Plaintiff, who resides in Camden, New Jersey, brings this *pro se* action alleging violations of his rights by various New Jersey Defendants, including, "NJDOC Staff Male Female," "Middlesex County Resource Center," and "New Brunswick Police." For the following reasons, the Court transfers this action under 28 U.S.C. § 1406 to the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey.

DISCUSSION

Under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b), a civil action may be brought in

(1) a judicial district in which any defendant resides, if all defendants are residents of the State in which the district is located; (2) a judicial district in which a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claim occurred, or a substantial part of property that is the subject of the action is situated; or (3) if there is no district in which an action may otherwise be brought as provided in this section, any judicial district in which any defendant is subject to the court's personal jurisdiction with respect to such action.

Under Section 1391(c), a "natural person" resides in the district where the person is domiciled, and an "entity with the capacity to sue and be sued" resides in any judicial district where it is subject to personal jurisdiction with respect to the civil action in question. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1391(c)(1), (2).

Plaintiff asserts claims that occurred in New Jersey and brought against New Jersey

Defendants, although he does list as a defendant, "NY All Boro Subway Platforms, Subway

Trains, Path Train." From the face of the complaint, however, it is clear that venue is not proper

in this Court under Section 1391(b)(1), (2).

Under 28 U.S.C. § 1406, if a plaintiff files a case in the wrong venue, the Court "shall

dismiss, or if it be in the interest of justice, transfer such case to any district or division in which

it could have been brought." 28 U.S.C. § 1406(a). Plaintiff's claims arose in New Jersey, which

is in the District of New Jersey. See 28 U.S.C. § 110. Accordingly, venue lies in the District of

New Jersey, 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2), and in the interest of justice, the Court transfers this action

to the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey, 28 U.S.C. § 1406(a).

CONCLUSION

The Clerk of Court is directed to transfer this action to the United States District Court

for the District of New Jersey. Whether Plaintiff should be permitted to proceed further without

prepayment of fees is a determination to be made by the transferee court. A summons shall not

issue from this Court. This order closes this case.

The Court certifies, pursuant to 28 U.S.C § 1915(a)(3), that any appeal from this order

would not be taken in good faith, and therefore in forma pauperis status is denied for the purpose

of an appeal. See Coppedge v. United States, 369 U.S. 438, 444-45 (1962).

SO ORDERED.

Dated:

September 22, 2023

New York, New York

/s/ Laura Taylor Swain

LAURA TAYLOR SWAIN

Chief United States District Judge

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